

LITHIUM-ION AUTOMOTIVE START-STOP BATTERY

The world's leading battery brand



#### **LITHIUM-ION AUTOMOTIVE START-STOP BATTERY**

## **Application**

Vehicles equipped with advanced start-stop system.



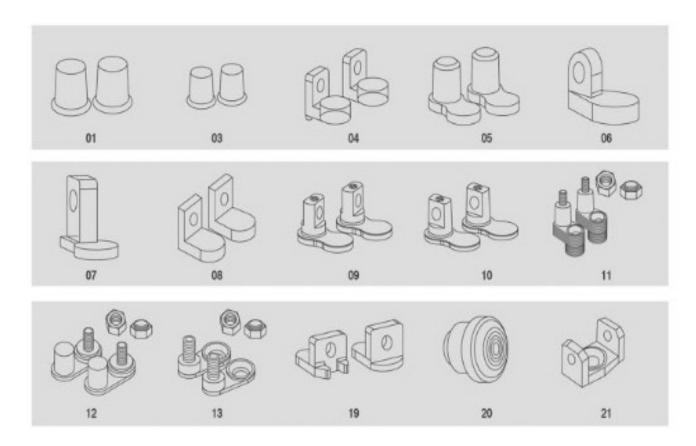
## **Special Features**

- ✓ Lightweight: Compared with traditional lead-acid AGM start-stop batteries, the lightweight lithium iron phosphate battery has detailed weight advantages, which helps the vehicle to reduce weight, reduce fuel consumption and improve fuel economy
- ✓ High security: High-strength sealed battery pack can effectively resist external impact and
  ensure that the battery does not have safety problems
- Ø Better starting and handling, shorter braking distances, better acceleration, better gas mileage, and many other benefits
- ✓ Long service life and short charging time

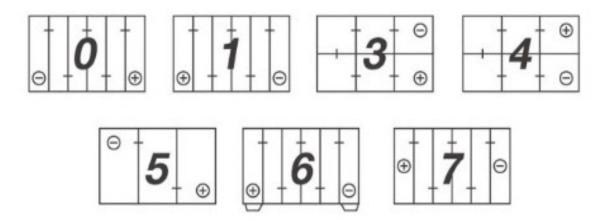
#### **SPECIFICATIONS** Voltage Capacity Dimensions(mm) **Charging Receiving** Weight(kg) Type (V) (Ah) L\*W\*H Capacity(-18°C) 12V 40Ah 242\*175\*190 12.8 40 ≥70% ≤7



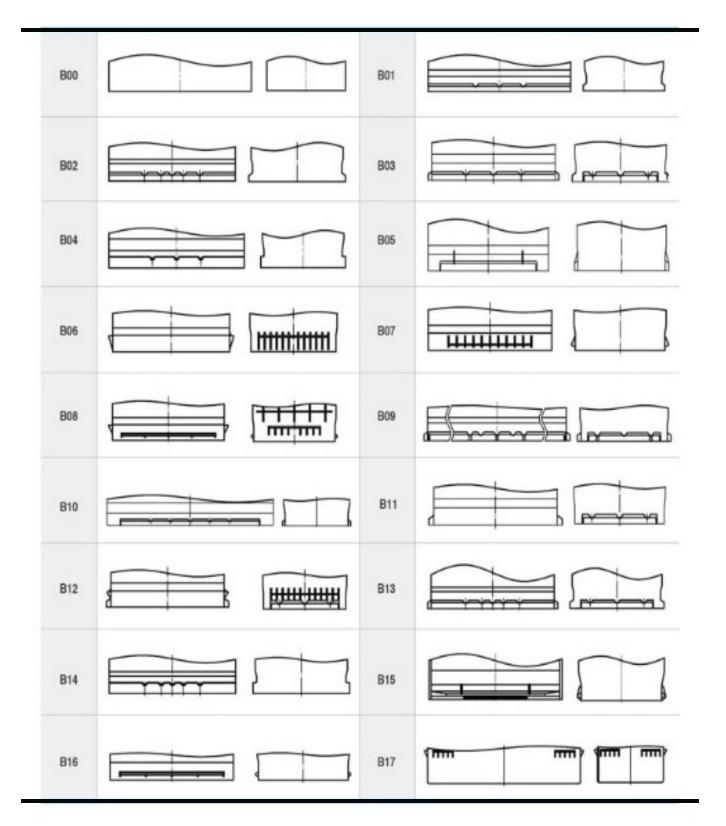
# **TERMINAL**



## **LAYOUT**



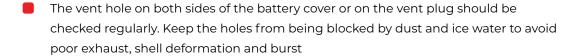
### **HOLD DOWN**





# BATTERY CARE AND MAINTENANCE





- When charging batteries, work in a well-ventilated area. Always turn battery charger off before disconnecting battery
- Battery usage should be discontinued if the battery terminals are burnt.
- We recommend constant voltage charging instead of constant current charging for the battery



- When testing battery performance, start with reserve capacity
- When servicing a sealed maintenance free (SMF) battery, check the State of Charge Indicator. This gives you a snap shot of the battery's condition and whether the battery needs to be charged or replaced. The vehicle may still start the engine although the indicator outlines to replace the battery. If the State of Charge Indicator advises 'Replace Battery' it is important that the battery is replaced as the electrolyte levels may be below the plates which can lead to an internal explosion



If you have a maintainable battery, it is important to check if the battery has sufficient electrolyte covering the battery plates. If topping up is required, do not over fill as the fluid levels will rise when the battery is fully charged and may overflow. Top up using distilled or demineralized water and never fill with sulphuric acid



- Check the battery's state of charge. Most batteries have a State of Charge Indicator on top of the battery that will give you an on the spot diagnosis of the battery condition. However, a more reliable way to check is with a voltmeter to determine the stabilized voltage or if the vent caps are removable a hydrometer to determine the specific gravity (SG) of the electrolyte
- Usually it takes 3 to 5 seconds to start a car at first time. The restarting should be at intervals of more than 15 seconds. If the car fails to be start after many times, check if there is any damage on the battery or the circuit. This situation is common in winter



- For batteries used in seasonal applications and stored long term, fully recharge the battery prior to storing. Check the state of charge or voltage regularly. Should the voltage drop below 12.5V, recharge the battery. It is important to check the battery completely before reconnecting to electrical devices
- Keep the battery top clean and dry. Apply either petroleum jelly or Vaseline to cable clamps and terminals for proper lubrication and added protection
- Inspect the battery case for obvious signs of physical damage or warpage. This usually indicates the battery has been overheated or has been overcharged



#### WARNING

01

Battery acid can cause burns. Please keep away from children. Suitable hand, eye and face protection and protective clothing must be worn. If in the eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water or contact a doctor immediately. If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin or hair with running water.

02

Keep away from heat source and open fire. Keep ventilated when charging or using batteries to avoid burst hurt. 03

Do not open the battery to avoid explosion.

04

Do not use metal tools to connect positive and negative terminal, otherwise the battery will short circuit and cause fire or explosion.

05

Do not Discard the batteries. Insulate the +ve and -ve Terminals with insulating tape and take them to a recycling facility.

#### **HOW TO REPLACE BATTERY**



Switch off the engine and keep sparks, flames, cigarettes away from battery at all times before removing the old battery.



Disconnect the negative terminal first and avoid short-circuit caused by tools when removing old battery.



Clean corroded parts in tray and cable clamps before installation of new battery.



Connect the positive terminal first and check the terminal clamps for tight fit when installing new battery.





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